



## **INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING**

### **Model Entrance Exam**

(Set-11)

#### **Instructions:**

There are 100 multiple-choice questions, each having four choices of which only one choice is correct.



- 20) Exquisite (Antonym):  
 a) hideous                      b) elegant                      c) dainty                      d) delicate
- 21) The grammatical pattern of the sentence , “Every year, we visit the orphanage.” is:  
 a) S + V + O + A                      b) S + V + IO + DO  
 c) A + S + V + IO + DO                      d) A + S + V + O
- 22) The word ‘politician’ has a stress primarily on its \_\_\_\_\_ syllable.  
 a) first                      b) second                      c) third                      d) fourth
- 23) The correct phonetic symbol for the underlined word ‘Either’ is:  
 a) /θ/                      b) /f/                      c) /δ/                      d) /d/
- 24) A matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & k+2 \\ 5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  is a skew symmetric matrix if  $k =$   
 a) 3                      b) -5                      c) -7                      d) -2
- 25) A and B are any two non-empty sets, then  $(A \cap \bar{B}) =$   
 a)  $A \cup B$                       b)  $A$                       c)  $B - A$                       d)  $A - B$
- 26) If  $f(2x + 1) = x + 1$ , then  $f(x^2) =$   
 a)  $\frac{x^2+1}{2}$                       b)  $\frac{x^2+2}{2}$                       c)  $\frac{x^2-1}{2}$                       d)  $\frac{x^2-2}{2}$
- 27) The sum of 3 numbers of G.P. is 38 and their product is 1728. Then, the middle term is:  
 a) 12                      b) 8                      c) 18                      d) 6
- 28) If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the roots of the equation  $4x^2 + 3x + 7 = 0$ , then  $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} =$   
 a)  $\frac{4}{7}$                       b)  $\frac{-3}{7}$                       c)  $\frac{7}{3}$                       d)  $\frac{-7}{4}$
- 29) If  $x = a + b, y = a\omega + b\omega^2, z = a\omega^2 + b\omega$ , then the value of  $x + y + z =$   
 a) 0                      b) 1                      c) -1                      d)  $\omega^2$
- 30) If  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  are two non-zero vectors satisfying  $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = |\vec{a} - \vec{b}|$ , then  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  are:  
 a) parallel to each other                      b) perpendicular to each other  
 c) inclined at an angle of  $60^\circ$                       d) inclined at an angle of  $45^\circ$
- 31) The direction cosines of a line normal to the plane  $2x - y + 2z = 0$  is:  
 a) 2, -1, 2                      b)  $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{-1}{9}, \frac{2}{9}$                       c)  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{-1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}$                       d)  $1, \frac{-1}{2}, 1$
- 32)  $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 0$  represent a pair of perpendicular lines if:  
 a) a and b are equal in magnitude but opposite in sign  
 b) a and b are equal  
 c) a and b are opposite in sign  
 d) a and b are reciprocal to each other
- 33) If latus rectum of an ellipse is half of its minor axis, then its eccentricity is:  
 a)  $\frac{3}{2}$                       b)  $\frac{2}{3}$                       c)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$                       d)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$
- 34) If  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  are unit vectors such that  $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = 0$ , then the value of  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} + \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} + \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a} =$   
 a) 1                      b)  $3/2$                       c)  $-3/2$                       d) -3
- 35) The equation of tangent to the parabola  $4y^2 + 6x = 8y + 7$  at its vertex is:  
 a)  $6x = 11$                       b)  $6x + 11 = 0$                       c)  $y = 1$                       d)  $y + 1 = 0$
- 36) If  $2 \sec 2\alpha = \tan \beta + \cot \beta$ , then the value of  $(\alpha + \beta) =$   
 a)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$                       b)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$                       c)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$                       d)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- 37) In  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $a = 2b$  and  $A = 3B$ , then angle A equals:  
 a)  $30^\circ$                       b)  $60^\circ$                       c)  $90^\circ$                       d)  $120^\circ$
- 38) If the function  $f: R \rightarrow R$  is defined by  $f(x) = 2x + \cos x$ , then  $f$  is:  
 a) has a minimum at  $x = \pi$                       b) has a maximum at  $x = 0$   
 c) is a decreasing function                      d) is an increasing function
- 39)  $\int_0^1 \frac{1-x}{1+x} dx$  equals  
 a)  $2 \log 2 - 1$                       b)  $1 - 2 \log 2$                       c)  $\sqrt{2} \log 2 - 1$                       d)  $2 \log 2 + 1$



- 55) A coil with its horizontal axis is perpendicular to the magnetic field. The angle between magnetic field and the plane of coil when induced emf is maximum is:  
a)  $90^\circ$                       b)  $45^\circ$                       c)  $30^\circ$                       d)  $0^\circ$
- 56) A girl presses her physics text book against a rough vertical wall with her hand. The direction of frictional force on the book exerted by the wall is:  
a) downwards                      b) upwards  
c) out from the wall                      d) into the wall
- 57) A PN junction diode can be used as:  
a) rectifier                      b) capacitor                      c) inductor                      d) impedance
- 58) In  $\beta$ -emission from a radioactive substance, an electron is ejected. This electron comes from:  
a) the outermost orbit of an atom                      b) the innermost orbits of an atom  
c) the surface of a substance                      d) the nucleus of an atom
- 59) A lens behaves as a converging lens in air and diverging lens in water. The refractive index of material of lens is:  
a) equal to air                      b) equal to water  
c) more than air and less than water                      d) more than water
- 60) The velocity of photo electrons emitted in photoelectric effect depends on:  
a) wavelength of incident light                      b) intensity of incident light  
c) photoelectric current                      d) both b and c

### **Section-B (2 marks)**

Read the following passages and answer the questions given below (61-64):

Photosynthesis is the process that plants use to convert sunlight into the food that they need to survive and grow. Most plants create some form of sugar from the sunlight, and this sugar is used by the plant as its primary food source

Plants actually need only three things to create this sugar: sunlight, carbon dioxide, and water. The sunlight reacts with the plant's chlorophyll, a green chemical which is used to convert water and carbon dioxide into sugar.

As a general rule, photosynthesis occurs in a plant's leaves. The leaf contains chlorophyll, which reacts when sunlight strikes the leaf. It is also the chlorophyll which gives the leaf its typical green color, since photosynthesis absorbs most light rays except green, which are reflected outwards.

The process of photosynthesis produces more than just sugar, however. One byproduct of the process is oxygen, which is "exhaled" by the plant into the atmosphere. In fact, plant photosynthesis is one of the primary sources of oxygen generation on our planet, making plant life essential to almost all living things on earth.

- 61) According to paragraph 4, which of the following is a byproduct of photosynthesis?  
a) green pigment                      b) water  
c) carbon dioxide                      d) oxygen
- 62) The underlined word essential, as used in paragraph 4, most nearly means  
a) necessary                      b) optional  
c) fragrant                      d) growing
- 63) The passage explains that photosynthesis is:  
a) done in the plant stem.                      b) what makes plants edible.  
c) the way that plants feed themselves.                      d) the source of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
- 64) After reading the passage, what can you infer about photosynthesis?  
a) Human life would not survive without plants.  
b) Chlorophyll tastes sweet.  
c) Sunlight has both good and bad effects on plants.  
d) Too much water can interfere with photosynthesis.

- 65) An element (X) which occurs in the second period has an outer electronic configuration  $s^2p^1$ , what is the formula and nature of its oxide?  
 a)  $XO_3$ , basic  
 b)  $X_2O_3$ , basic  
 c)  $XO_3$ , acidic  
 d)  $X_2O_3$ , acidic
- 66) The solubility product of a salt having general formula  $MX_2$  in water is  $4 \times 10^{-12}$ . The concentration of  $M^{2+}$  ions in the aqueous solution of the salt is:  
 a)  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  M  
 b)  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  M  
 c)  $1.6 \times 10^{-4}$  M  
 d)  $4 \times 10^{-10}$  M
- 67) If  $E^0_{Fe^{2+}/Fe} = -0.441$  V and  $E^0_{Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+}} = 0.771$  V, the standard emf of the reaction  $Fe + 2Fe^{3+} \rightarrow 3Fe^{2+}$  will be:  
 a) 1.653 V  
 b) 1.212 V  
 c) 0.330 V  
 d) 0.111 V
- 68) In the following reaction,  $CaCl_2 \xrightarrow{H_2O} P \xrightarrow{\text{hot iron tube}} Q \xrightarrow{CH_3Cl, AlCl_3} R$ , the product 'R' is:  
 a) benzene  
 b) ethyl benzene  
 c) toluene  
 d) n-propyl benzene
- 69) 2 g of metal carbonate is neutralized completely by 100 mL of 0.1 N HCl. The equivalent weight of metal carbonate is:  
 a) 50  
 b) 100  
 c) 150  
 d) 200
- 70) The electrons identified by quantum numbers n and l:  
 (i) n=4, l=1  
 (ii) n=4, l=0  
 (iii) n=3, l=2  
 (iv) n=3, l=1  
 can be placed in order of increasing energy as:  
 a) (iv) < (ii) < (iii) < (i)  
 b) (ii) < (iv) < (i) < (iii)  
 c) (i) < (iii) < (ii) < (iv)  
 d) (iii) < (iv) < (ii) < (i)
- 71)  $MnO_2$  reacts with a halogen acid to give greenish yellow glass. When excess of this gas reacts with  $NH_3$ , an unstable trihalide is formed. In this process, the oxidation state of nitrogen changes from:  
 a) -3 to +3  
 b) -3 to 0  
 c) -3 to +5  
 d) 0 to -3
- 72) The area of triangle formed by the lines  $4x^2 - 9xy - 9y^2 = 0$  and  $x = 2$  is:  
 a) 10/3  
 b) 20/3  
 c) 2  
 d) 3
- 73) The point of intersection of tangents at the end points of the latus rectum of the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  is equal to:  
 a) (1, 0)  
 b) (0, 1)  
 c) (-1, 0)  
 d) (0, -1)
- 74) Equation of a plane passing through (1, -3, -2) and perpendicular to the planes  $x + 2y + 2z = 5$  and  $3x + 3y + 2z = 8$  is:  
 a)  $2x + 4y + 3z + 16 = 0$   
 b)  $2x - 4y - 3z + 8 = 0$   
 c)  $2x - 4y + 3z - 8 = 0$   
 d)  $2x + 4y - 3z - 16 = 0$
- 75) If  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  are vectors of magnitude 3, 4 and 5 respectively and  $\vec{a} \perp (\vec{b} + \vec{c})$ ,  $\vec{b} \perp (\vec{c} + \vec{a})$  and  $\vec{c} \perp (\vec{a} + \vec{b})$ , then  $|\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}|$  is:  
 a) 50  
 b)  $5\sqrt{2}$   
 c) 1  
 d) 25
- 76) The lines  $2x - 3y - 5 = 0$  and  $3x - 4y - 7 = 0$  are the diameters of a circle with area  $49\pi$  square units. Then the equation of circle is:  
 a)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 2y = 67$   
 b)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2y - 2x = 47$   
 c)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 2y = 47$   
 d)  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 2y = 62$
- 77) If  $\cos^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} y = \frac{\pi}{2}$ , and  $\tan^{-1} x - \tan^{-1} y = 0$ , then  $x^2 + xy + y^2 =$   
 a) 0  
 b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$   
 c)  $\frac{3}{2}$   
 d)  $\frac{1}{8}$
- 78) The range of  $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1})$  is:  
 a)  $(0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$   
 b)  $(0, \frac{\pi}{3}]$   
 c)  $[\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{3}]$   
 d)  $[\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{3}]$



